

CABRI Policy Dialogue,

Kigali, 24-25 August 2017

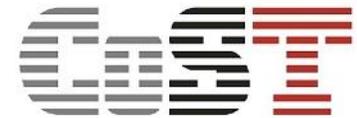
*How CoST can help improve
the procurement of public
infrastructure*



Hamish Goldie-Scot

for the CoST International Secretariat

@CoSTransparency



Overview

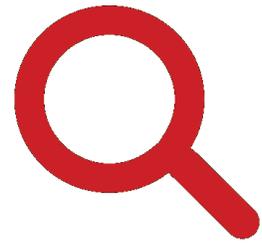
How CoST can help improve the procurement of public infrastructure

1. Introduction to CoST
- 2. How CoST contributes to improved performance**
3. Core features of CoST
4. Examples of CoST in action
5. Examples of transparency improving accountability

The aim of this presentation is that participants will understand the basic concepts behind CoST, and be able to apply some simple tools to help identify and address potential procurement risks.

- 1. Introduction to CoST**
2. How CoST contributes to improved performance
3. Core features of CoST
4. Examples of CoST in action
5. How transparency can help improve accountability

What is CoST?



CoST is an Infrastructure Transparency Initiative

MULTI-STAKEHOLDER:

Stakeholders working together to tackle a common challenge



DISCLOSURE:

Publication of key project and contract data into public domain

ASSURANCE:

Independent review of disclosed data highlighting issues in plain language

Disclosure + Multi-Stakeholder + Assurance => Empowered stakeholders

How does CoST work?

Start: *Inefficiency, mismanagement and corruption*



Multi-stakeholder initiative, promoting disclosure



Informed stakeholders and responsive public institutions work together



Better value for money and better quality infrastructure



End: *Increased quality of life for citizens*

Where does CoST fit in?

Public governance multi-stakeholder initiatives

- CoST complements not duplicates.
- CoST **collaborates** to strengthen **impact**; OCP and OGP are **strategic** partners of CoST.
- **But** CoST is **unique** as the only initiative **focussed** on improving **public infrastructure governance**.

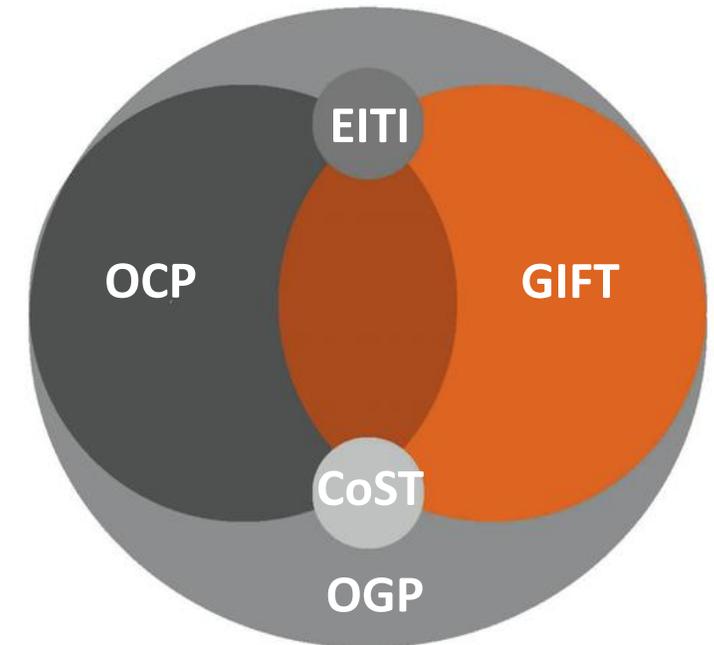


Figure 2: Public sector MSIs have clear overlaps, as well as some notable differences, in scope.

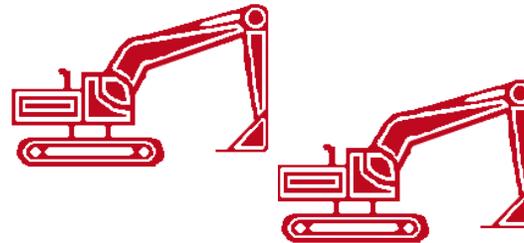
CoST is the leading international initiative for developing transparency and accountability in public infrastructure.

Who does CoST benefit?



Government

Value for money in public infrastructure



Industry

Level playing field for companies



Civil Society

Improved quality of life through better infrastructure

Where is CoST applied?



Internationally,
CoST provides
**guidance and
support**

Nationally,
CoST is **locally
led and
managed**

Who can join CoST?



Mega projects



Procuring Entities



Cities

State Governments



National Governments

Who is supporting CoST?

Current CoST funders



Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands

Previous funders of international and national CoST programmes



Additional strategic partners



Open Contracting Partnership

1. Introduction to CoST
2. **How CoST contributes to improved performance**
3. Core features of CoST
4. Examples of CoST in action
5. How transparency can help improve accountability

What is the context?



Global construction likely to be worth **\$15 trillion** by 2025



Estimated **10-30%** lost through mismanagement & corruption

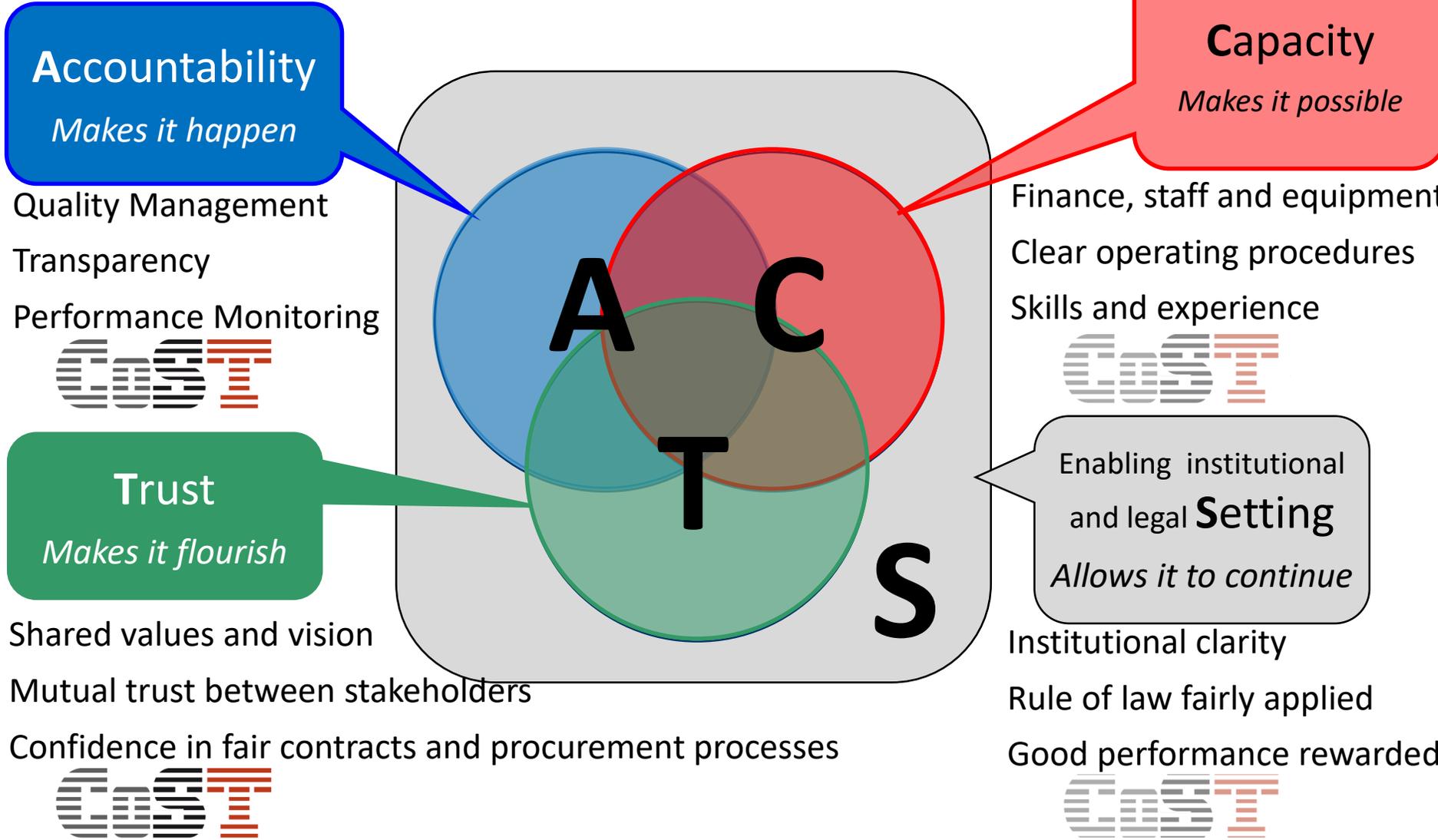


Potential savings of **\$5 trillion**

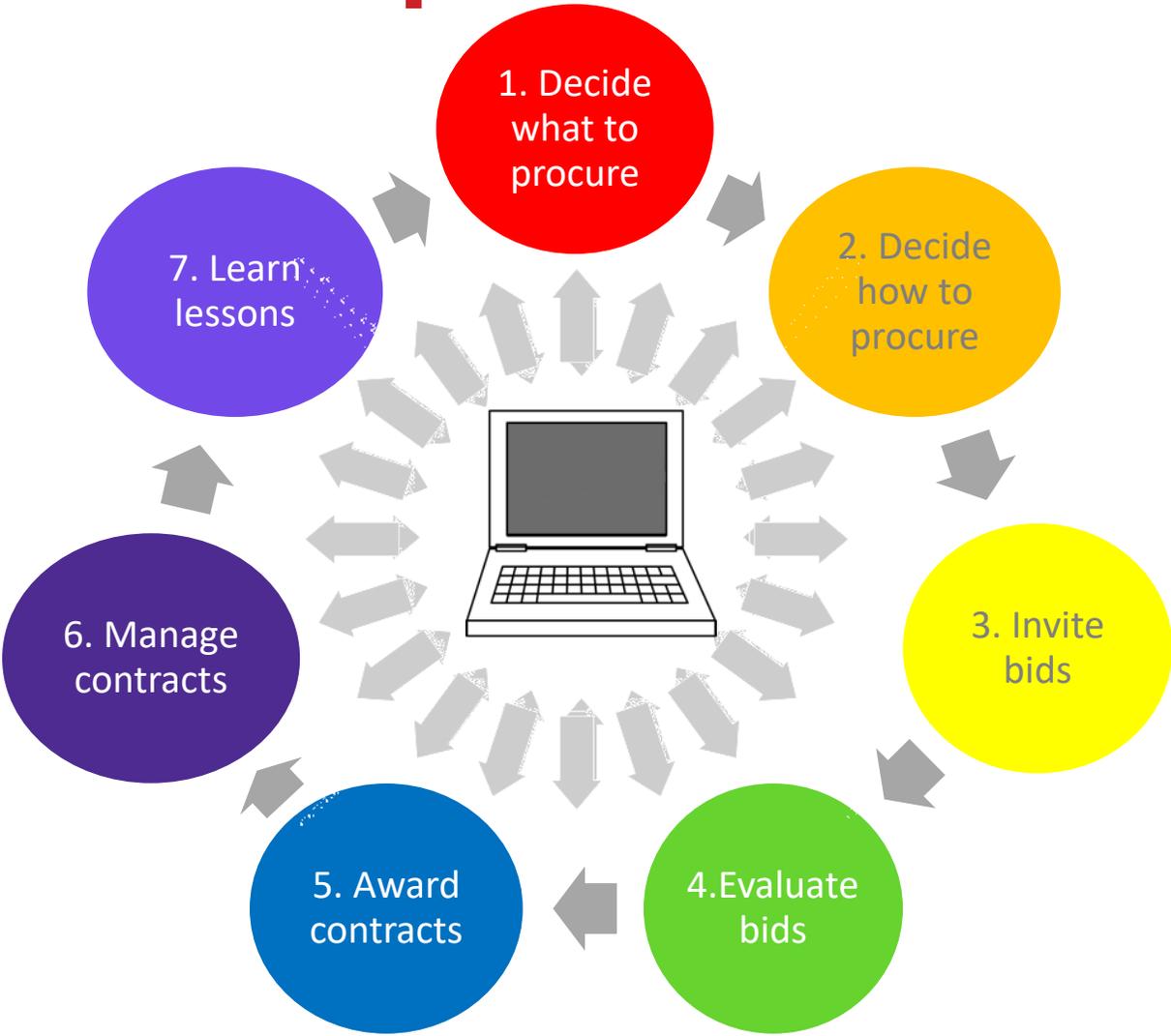
Global Infrastructure Spending Gap:

- Globally, need **\$3.3 trillion/year in economic infrastructure annually** through to 2030.
- Current trajectory of underinvestment, global gap of roughly **11% or \$350 billion a year**.

What drives performance?



CoST and the procurement cycle



1. Introduction to CoST
2. How CoST contributes to improved performance
- 3. Core features of CoST**
4. Examples of CoST in action
5. How transparency can help improve accountability

CoST core features:

Multi-Stakeholder Working



Governments alone cannot address all challenges. CoST is based on **multi-stakeholder working**.



Civil society

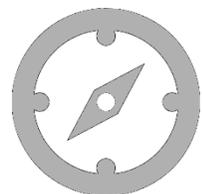


Government



Industry

A CoST **Multi-Stakeholder Group (MSG)** devises the strategy for the country programme. *The CoST MSG provides:*



Leadership



Dialogue



Trust

CoST core features:

Disclosure

CoST increases **transparency** by disclosing data on public infrastructure projects



Disclosure is **publication** of key project and contract data into **public** domain

Data is disclosed **proactively** and **reactively**



Procuring Entities are responsible for disclosure

Government establish a **Formal Disclosure Requirement** to mandate disclosure

CoST IDS

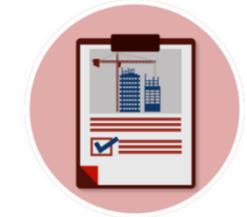
CoST's Infrastructure Data Standard (IDS) supports disclosure

- 40 data points
- Covers entire project investment cycle

CoST core features:

Assurance

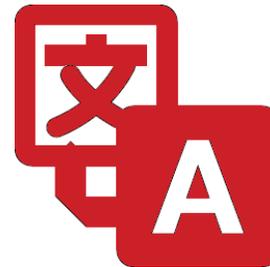
Assurance is the independent review of the disclosed data



**Validate
data**



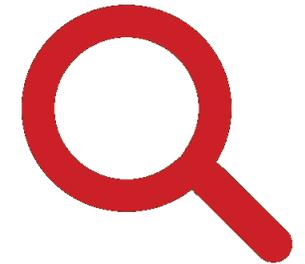
**Monitor
compliance**



**Interpret into
plain language**

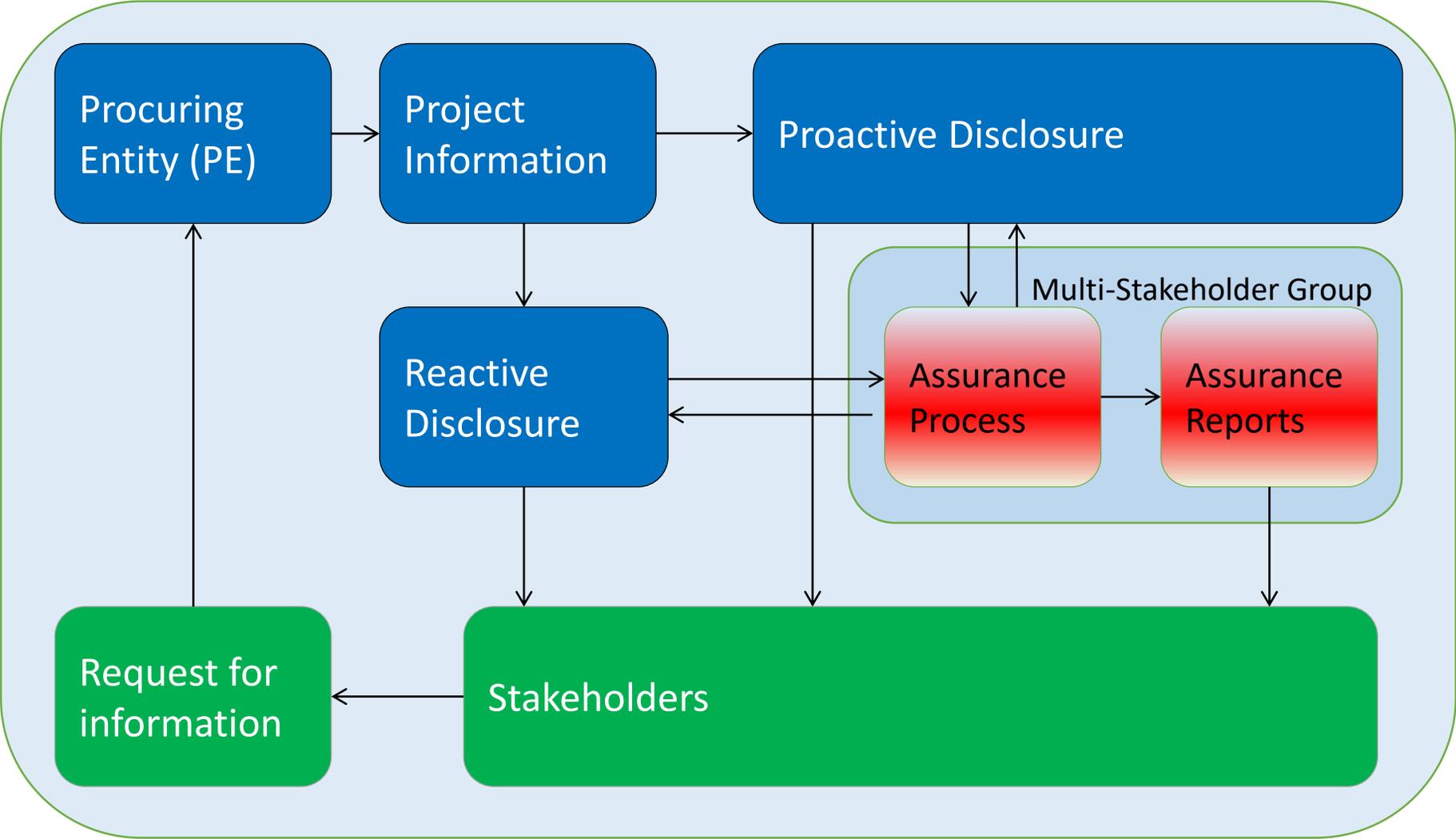


**Highlight
concerns**



**Review
further**

Disclosure & Assurance flowchart



1. Introduction to CoST
2. How CoST contributes to improved performance
3. Core features of CoST
- 4. Examples of CoST in action**
5. How transparency can help improve accountability

CoST Honduras: SISOCS Disclosure Portal



The screenshot displays the SISOCS Disclosure Portal interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the SISOCS logo and menu items: Inicio, Módulo Ciudadano, Manual, Informes, SMQ, and Login. Below the navigation bar is a map of Honduras with several yellow warning icons indicating project locations. A pop-up window provides details for a specific project:

Nombre Proyecto:	CONTRATO DE CONSTRUCCIÓN PROYECTO: CONSTRUCCIÓN CARRETERA VILLA DE SAN ANTONIO-GOASCORÁN, SECCIÓN I, SUB-SECCIÓN I-A "VILLA SAN ANTONIO -LAMANI"
Monto Lps. :	1,008,895,330.43

Below the project details, there is a link labeled "Ver Detalles". The map shows various regions including Livingston, Puerto Barrios, San Pedro Sula, La Ceiba, Tegucigalpa, and San Salvador. The map data is attributed to ©2015 Google and INEGI.

Assurance case study – Ukraine



- Data from 3 donor funded road projects and 1 nationally funded road repair programme consisting of 140 contracts were analysed.
- Issues of concern included:
 - Incomplete design leads to variations and cost increases;
 - Equipment moved from site for unexplained reasons leads to delays and contract termination;
 - Contracts not applied correctly;
 - Low market competition; and
 - Budgeting for the annual road repair programme is incomplete and not prepared in a consistent manner.

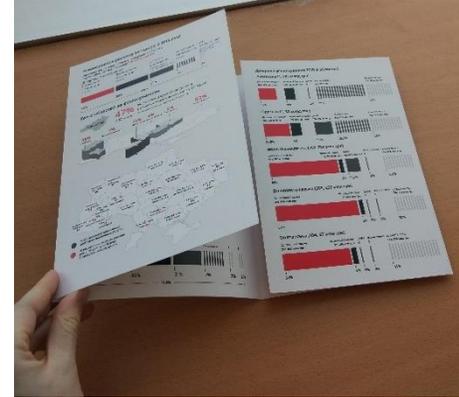


Assurance case study – Ukraine

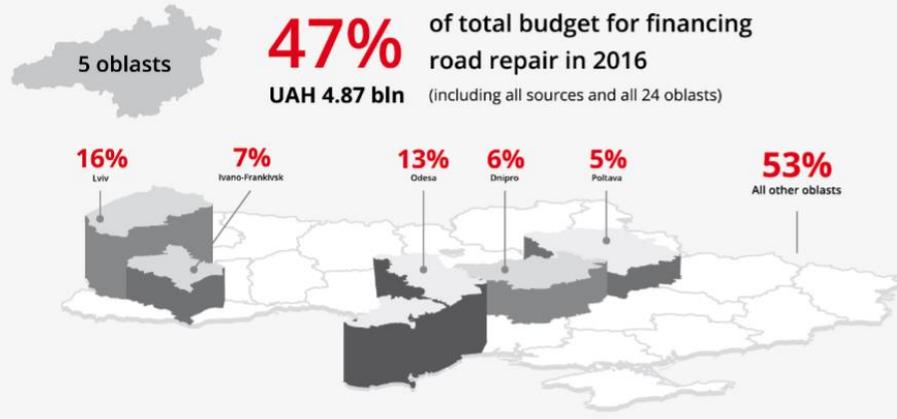


CoST Ukraine assurance infographic

- Findings from assurance process, incl. review of over 100 projects, compiled into **one brochure**.
- At sector level, statistics are **translated** into **visual** representations.
- Key conclusions and recommendations **extracted** from lengthier report



Top 5 oblasts by financing



Infographic is:

- **Short** – Direct messaging accessible for range of audiences
- **Visual** – ensuring complex data is broken down is understandable
- **Engaging** – highlights key points of concern in new format

Accessible & engaging for all stakeholders:

Ukraine President publicises infographic to show findings from latest CoST Ukraine assurance

1. Introduction to CoST
2. How CoST contributes to improved performance
3. Core features of CoST
4. Examples of CoST in action
5. **How transparency can help improve accountability**

Accountability mechanisms



There are many existing accountability mechanisms, including:

- Internal management systems of private companies;
- Contracts entered into by private companies;
- Official management systems and related safeguards;
- Official Audit functions; and
- Official Monitoring and Evaluation functions.

The aim of CoST and its Assurance process is to help strengthen existing accountability mechanisms, not to cut across or replace them

Accountability mechanisms



Supervising Engineer	Contractor (responds to market)	Outcome
Professional in Supervision	Competent in Construction	
✓	✓	
✗	✗	
✗	✓	
✓	✗	



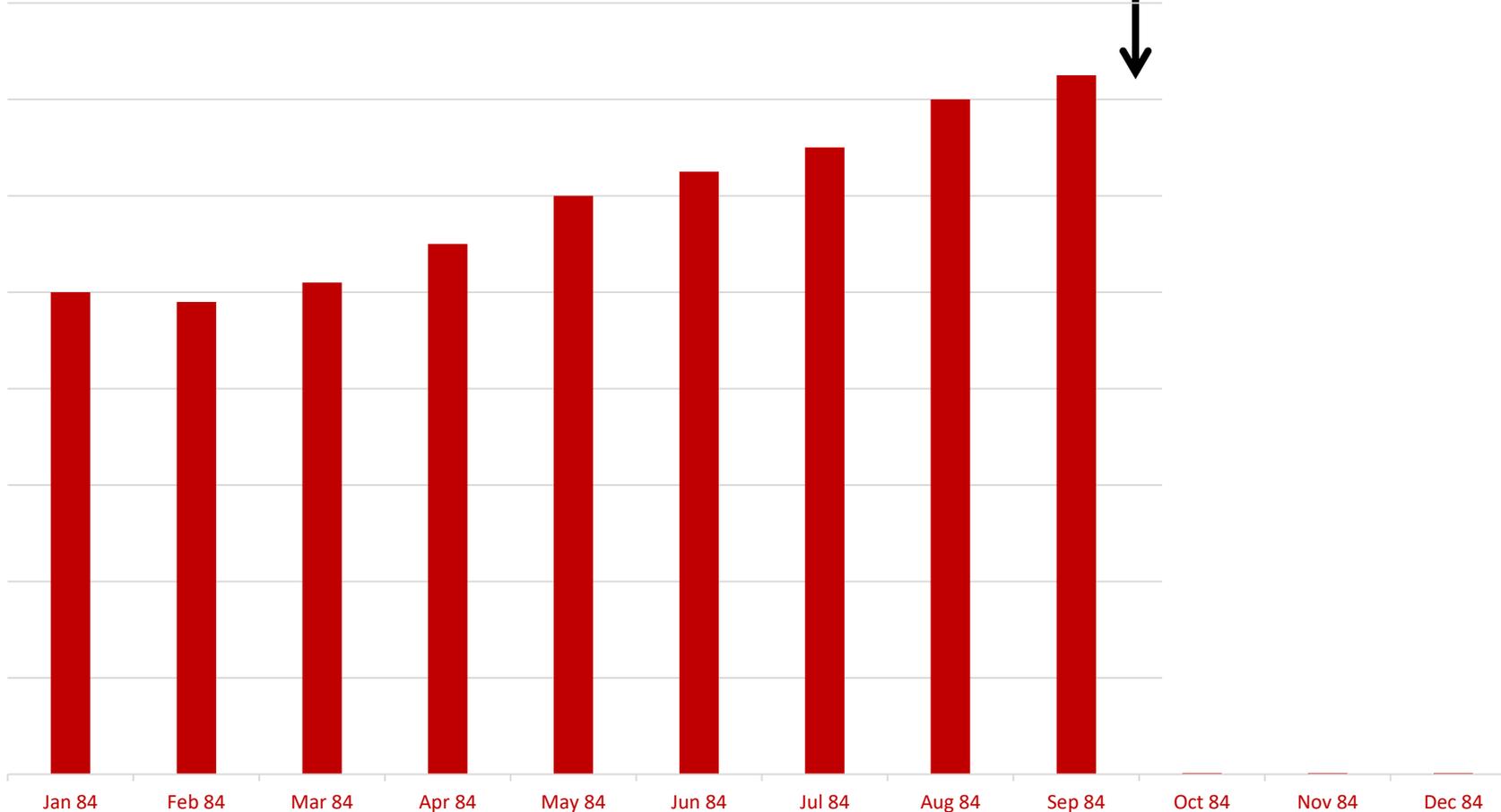
Tanzania Case Study:

Turning data into information

Definition:		Prepared by (NAME):	RS Engineer Ruvuma		(dd mmm yy)				80%	% compliance rate for works on this page with specified time durations for the tender management stages of procurement (weighted by original contract value)		
For all IRAT-related works contracts in a given year, the weighted average regarding maximum and/or minimum time for each of the following:		Reviewed by (NAME):	HGS		(dd mmm yy)		19 Nov 15					
		Approved by (NAME):			(dd mmm yy)							
Key DATES:		General Comments	High score result of full compliance on largest 2 contracts (weighted). Otherwise just 13%. Main delay in practice is from Negotiation to Award. This is normally a "Red Flag" so why "no concern or comment noted" ?						57%	% compliance rate as above, but unweighted. (in both cases, only complete records used)		
Details:		Days as stipulated by PPA 2011							10	contracts detailed in full on this page		
Instructions:		Max 30	Max 14	Max 14	Max 7	Max 21	Max 14	Max 120	TZSm 1,450	is the sum of value of original contracts listed on this page (TZS millions) with full details provided		
		Min 21					Min 7	Min 90				
S/N	Contract Ref	Contract Name	Bid period from Advert	Tender evaluation period from Bid opening	Tender Board Approval from Evaluation	Tender Negotiation from Approval	Contract Vetting from Negotiation	Contract Award from Board Approval	Tender Validity from Bid opening	No. of "TRUE" (Maximum 7)	Comment (please select from drop-down menu) Use box at foot of sheet to provide more detailed comments	Check* (records to be either empty, or complete)
1	LGA.025/2015-2016/W/01	CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	7	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
2	LGA.025/2015-2016/W/02	UPGRADING OF ROADS TO DOUBLE SURFACE DRESSING(DSD)	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	5	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
3	LGA/102/TN/W/01/2014/	Spot Improvement along Songea Mpitimbi, Litapwasi Lyangweni roads and Routine Maintenance along Construction of Mkurumusi Box Culvert along Songea – Mkurumusi – Maitimbi Road	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	4	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
4	LGA/102/TN/W/02/2014/	Routine Maintenance along Maposeni-Mdunduwalo, Peramiho- Litowa, Mbandangindo-Liweta: Routine	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	4	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
5	LGA/102/TN/W/04/2014/	Routine Maintenance along MuunganoZomba-Lugagara Road	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	4	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
6	LGA/102/TN/W/05/2014/	construction of culverts along Subira - Lupapila road	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	3	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
7	A/103/2014/2015/W/01/P	construction of culverts along Majengo - Muungano road	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	3	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
8	A/103/2014/2015/W/01/P	construction of culverts along Londoni Subira - Nangwai road	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	3	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record
9	A/103/2014/2015/W/01/P	construction of culverts along Mtakuja road road	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	3	No concerns or comments noted	Complete Record

Dye added to project fuel supplies

Litres diesel per km of new road constructed

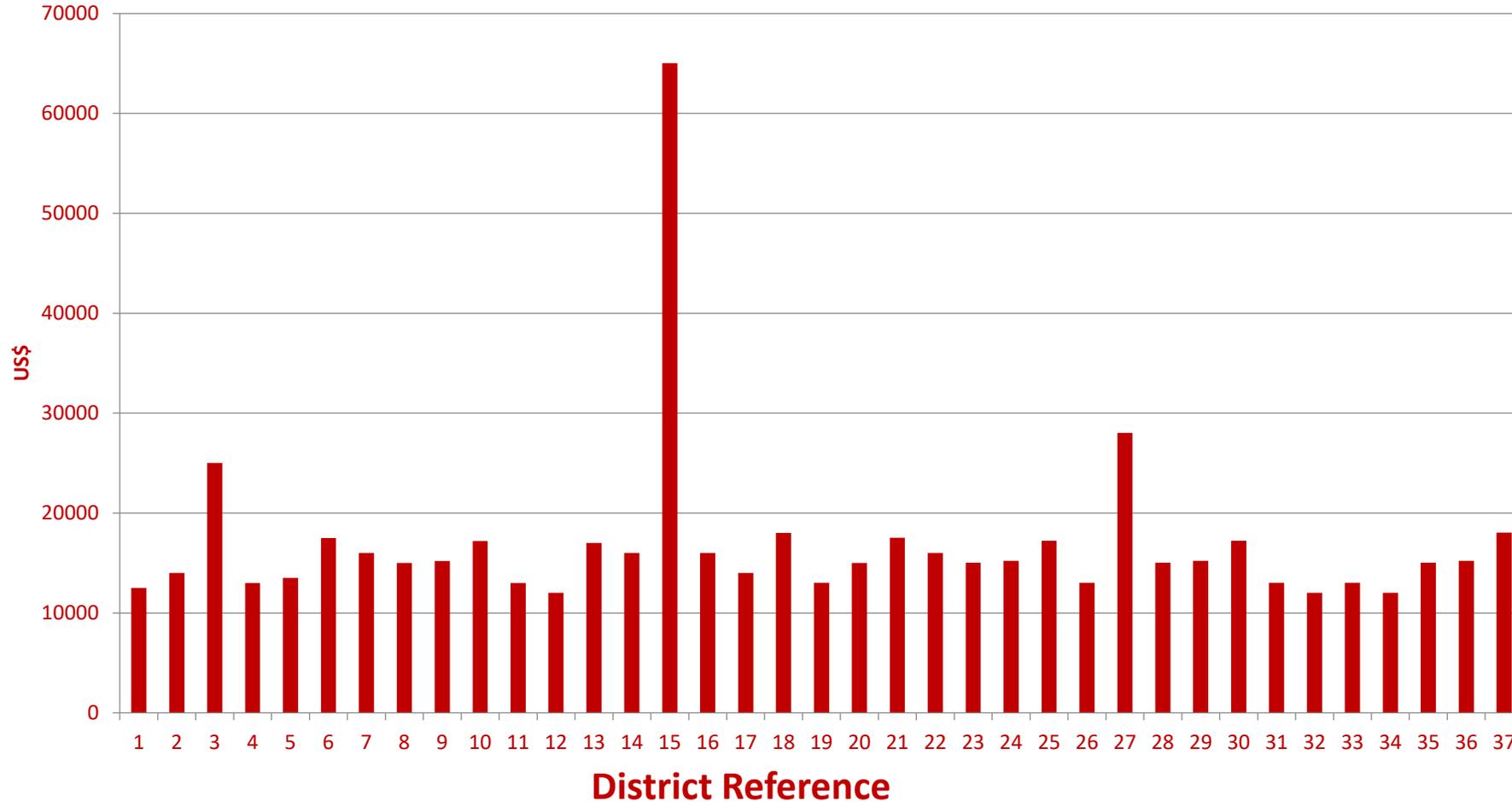


Benin Case Study:

Turning data into information.....

..then taking appropriate action

Cost per km of standard District road

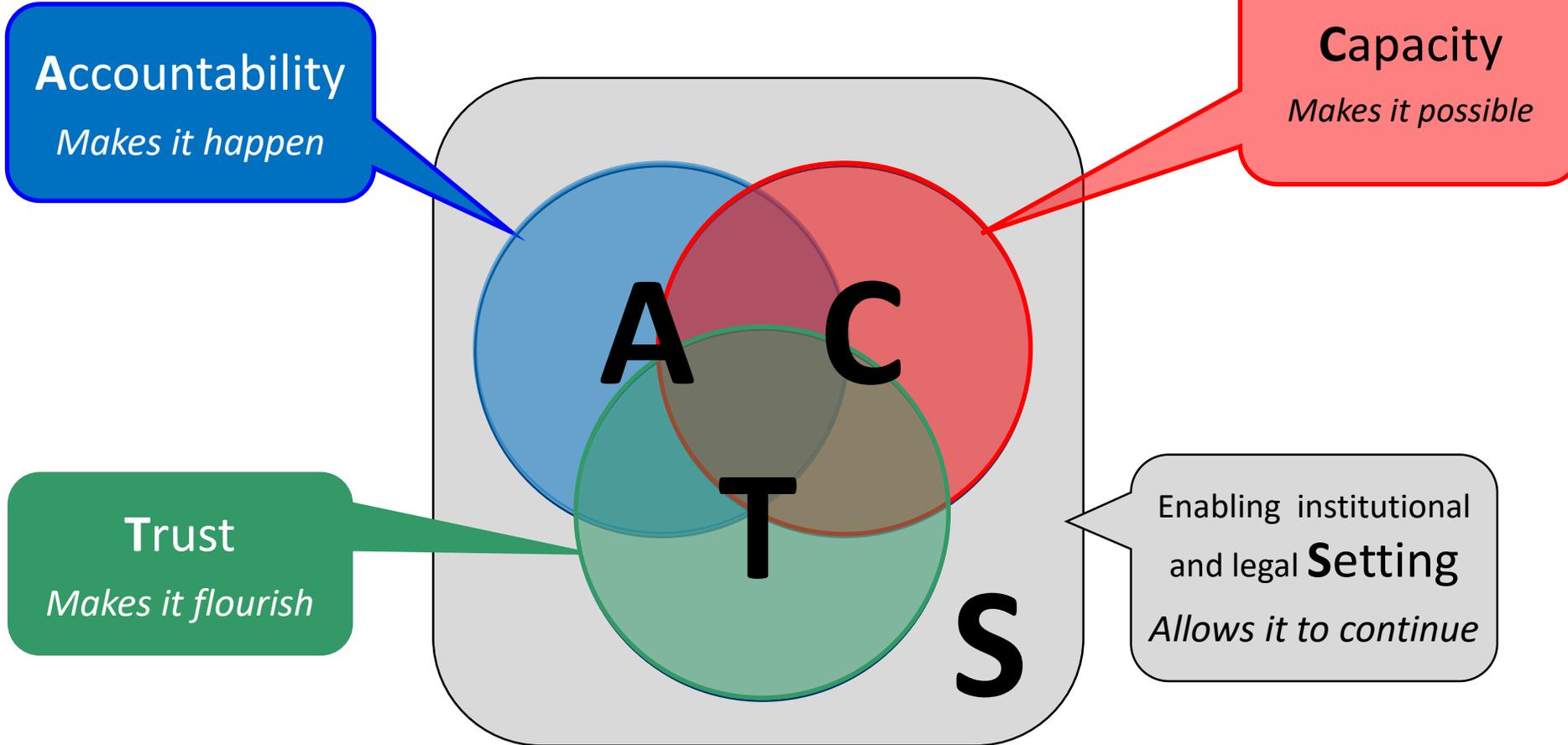


Uganda Case Study:

Turning data into information.....

..then taking appropriate action

What drives performance?





Thank you

CoST@constructiontransparency.org

Hamish@engineeringoutcomes.org



www.constructiontransparency.org



cost@constructiontransparency.org



CoST International



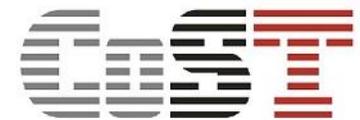
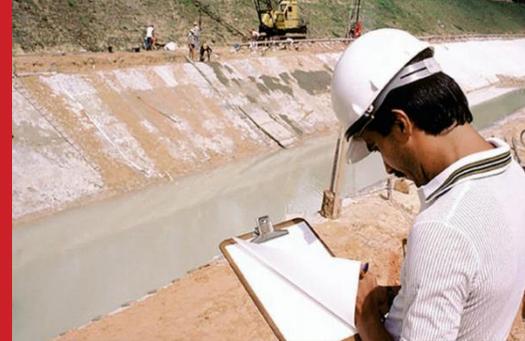
@CoSTransparency



Construction Sector Transparency Initiative (CoST)



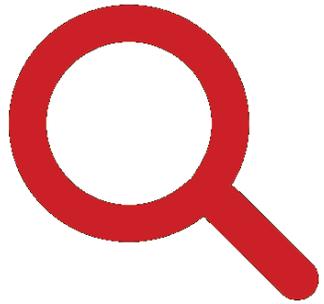
Construction Sector Transparency Initiative (CoST)



“spare” slides

Summary of CoST

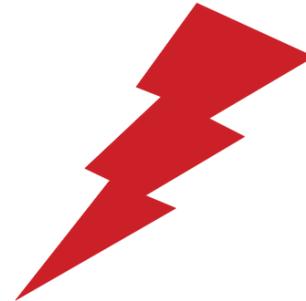
CoST drives better **value** from **public infrastructure** investment



**CoST increases
transparency &
accountability**



**CoST is a
global
standard**



**CoST is an
essential catalyst
for change**



**CoST helps
change
lives**

Accountability case study



Local residents complained about pollution and safety risks from road construction project.

Problem was solved by the main contractor's senior managers.



This illustrates the benefits of being aware or, and making use of, the internal accountability mechanisms of private companies

Examples of impact



Rehabilitation of the Belize Bridge, Guatemala

CoST identified that an invalid procurement process had been followed. Further investigations determined that the planned work was also unnecessary. The project was eventually cancelled saving \$4.5 million of public money.



Nkhotakota-Msulira Road Project, Malawi

CoST Malawi identified and highlighted a 262% or \$7.4m cost increase on the rehabilitation of the Nkhotakota-Msulira Road. The Ministry of Transport and Public Works has since cancelled the contract on the 33km road due to poor performance.



Gindeber to Gobensa Road Upgrade, Ethiopia

Assurance Team questioned quantity of earthworks allowed for at the design stage. The Road Agency reviewed the design and determined there was a vast overestimate. Design team fired and debarred from future contracts. Cost saving approximately \$3.8 million.

Infrastructure Data Standard



1. Project phase	Project information
Project Identification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project owner Sector, subsector Project name Project Location Purpose Project description
Project Preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project Scope (main output) Environmental impact Land and settlement impact Contact details Funding sources Project Budget Project budget approval date
Project Completion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project status (current) Completion cost (projected) Completion date (projected) Scope at completion (projected) Reasons for project changes Reference to audit and evaluation reports

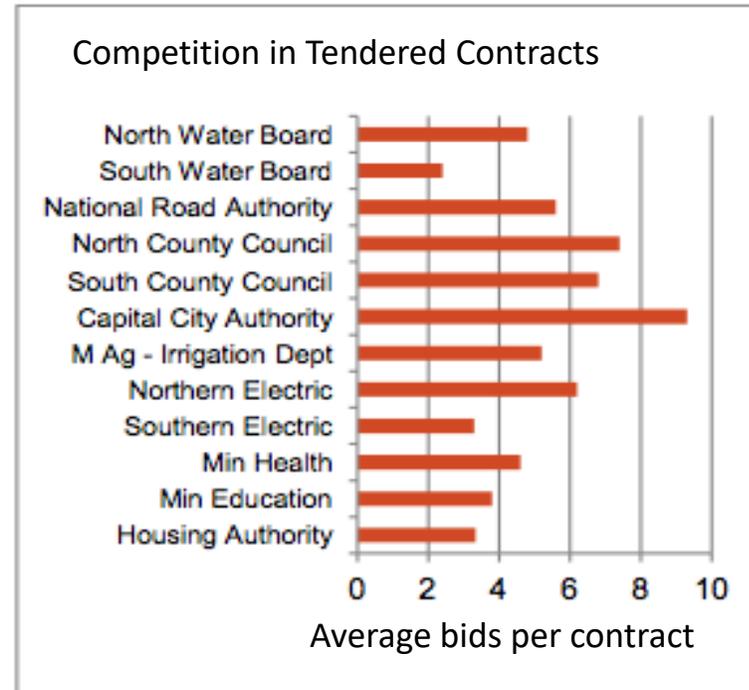
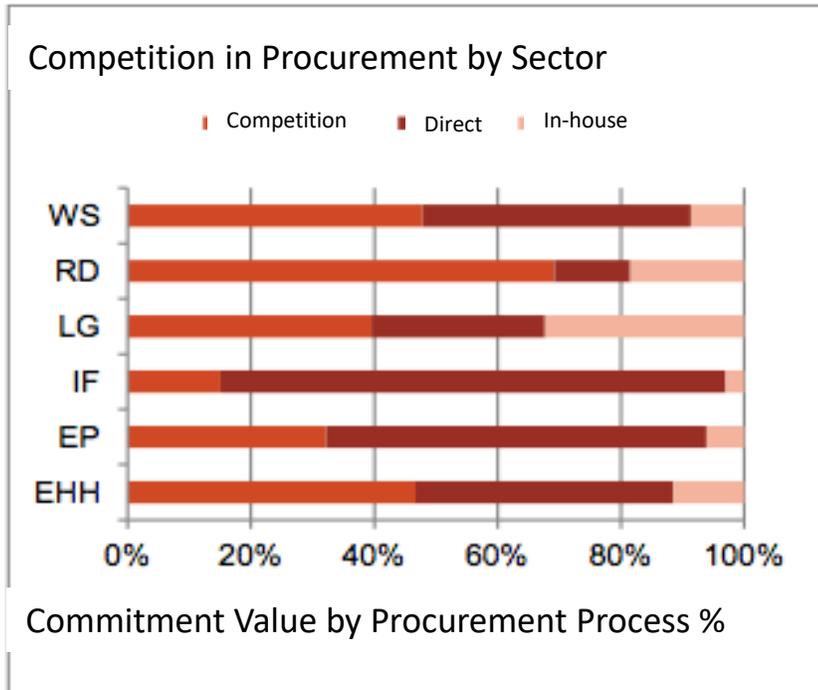
2. Contract phase	Contract information
Procurement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Procuring entity Procuring entity contact details Procurement process Contract type Contract status (current) Number of firms tendering Cost estimate Contract administration entity Contract title Contract firm(s) Contract price Contract scope of work Contract start date and duration
Implementation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Variation to contract price Escalation of contract price Variation to contract duration Variation to contract scope Reasons for price changes Reasons for scope and duration changes

Sector-Entity level Assurance



- Analyse sector-level performance issues by number and value;

Example 1: Level of competition evident



Sector-Entity level Assurance (cont)



- Analyse sector-level performance issues by number and value;

Example 2: Cost and Time Overruns

