Across Africa, governments are exploring ways to improve service delivery and internal systems using digital technologies. These digital reforms take significant time, political capital and funding to implement (Long et al 2023). Too often, implementation of the digital system becomes the focus, rather than the improvement the reform is intended to bring about (Cangiano et al 2017). Typically, the goal is not simply to digitise a system, but rather to digitalise – to ensure that the processes are improved and the right data is used to improve services to the population.

Ministries of finance (MoFs) play an important role in ensuring digital reforms are impactful. Firstly, as a 'consumer' of reforms, MoFs strive to digitalize Public Financial Management (PFM) systems to improve efficiency, transparency and ultimately quality of public sector spending. Secondly, MoFs play a 'facilitator' role in digital reforms of line ministries, as they support how reforms are funded, procured and monitored.

That means MOFs are becoming Digital Transformation champions, which was not the core of their activity until recently. A lot of the research insists on the importance of an adaptative, modular, agile approach instead of implementing a wholly-planned out system that "does it all". However it is still unclear how, in practical terms, those digital transformation projects should be managed.

The Collaborative Africa Budget Reform Initiative (CABRI) is launching a new work area to support our member countries in their digital journeys. The "Enhancing Digital PFM in Africa" work will collect practical experiences from African countries on their journey to digitalize PFM and improve efficiency and effectiveness of public spending and service delivery, complementing on-going work by the Overseas Development Institute (ODI), International Monetary Fund (IMF) and other institutions and think tanks. The focus is not on the management of the whole existing information systems environments but on the governance of a MOF digital transformation project in an adaptative, flexible, modular way.

The goal of the first phase of this work is to conduct in-depth country case studies that will lay down the foundation of future support. In line with CABRI's ethos, this new work area will focus on collecting practical learnings of how to translate digital reforms into improved outcomes, including by investigating:

- 1. What has enabled countries to take a problem-driven and iterative approach to digital reforms?
- 2. How capabilities have been built within government to manage digital systems?

In this context, CABRI will organize two webinars on *Enhancing Digital Public Financial Management in Africa*. The first event will take place on April 18, 2024 from 10:00 a.m. – 11:45 a.m. GMT. Register here to join us and learn more about digital PFM and CABRI's new area of work.

## **Programme**

Time	Session	Speakers/Discussants
(GMT)		
10:00-	Welcome remarks and Overview of CABRI's	Dr Kay Brown, Executive
10:10	work in Digitalizing PFM in Africa	Secretary, CABRI
10:10-	Introduction on common challenges in digital	Giselle Hadley, Programme
10:20	reforms of PFM and States for research	Manager, CABRI and Nicolas
		Botton, expert
10:20-	Country Panel Discussion: Adaptative,	
11:00	customizable, modular, agile, flexible The	Country representatives (4)
	step-by-step challenge of how to manage a	
	governmental FMIS project in a practical and	Moderated by Giselle Hadley,
	successful way	Programme Manager, CABRI and
11:00-	Comments from presenters and audience Q&A	Nicolas Botton, expert
11:15		
11:15-	Presentation of the scope of work for	Giselle Hadley, Programme
11:25	"Enhancing Digital PFM in Africa" and future	Manager, CABRI and Nicolas
	topics of interest	Botton, expert
11:25-	Closing remarks and call for interest	Dr Kay Brown, Executive
11:30		Secretary, CABRI



CABRI thanks the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation for supporting this work.

## **Bibliography:**

Cangiano M, Gelb A and Goodwin-Groen R (2017). "Integration of Digitalization and Public Financial Management – Initial Evidence." Chapter 12 of Gupta S, Keen M, Shah A and Verdier G (eds), Digital Revolutions in Public Finance. International Monetary Fund

Long, C., Cangiano, M., Middleton, E., et al. (2023) Digital public financial management: An emerging paradigm. ODI Working Paper. London: ODI (<a href="www.odi.org/en/publications/digitalpublic-financial-management-an-emerging-paradigm/">www.odi.org/en/publications/digitalpublic-financial-management-an-emerging-paradigm/</a>).

OECD (2019), The Path to Becoming a Data-Driven Public Sector, OECD Digital Government Studies, OECD Publishing, Paris, https://doi.org/10.1787/059814a7-en

OECD (2020), "The OECD Digital Government Policy Framework: Six dimensions of a Digital Government", OECD Public Governance Policy Papers, No. 02, OECD Publishing, Paris, https://doi.org/10.1787/f64fed2a-en)

Pope, R. (2019) Playbook: government as a platform. Cambridge MA: Ash Center for Democratic Governance and Innovation (<a href="https://ash.harvard.edu/publications/playbook-government-platform">https://ash.harvard.edu/publications/playbook-government-platform</a>)

Rivero del Paso, Lorena, Sailendra Pattanayak, Gerardo Uña, and Herve Tourpe (2023) "Digital Solutions Guidlines for Public Financial Management." IMF Technical Notes and Manuals 2023/07. International Monetary Fund, Washington, DC

Uña, G., Allen, R. and Botton, N. (2019) How to design a financial management information system: a modular approach. Washington DC: IMF (www.imf.org/en/Publications/Fiscal-Affairs-Department How-To-Notes/Issues/2019/05/15/How-to-Design-a-Financial 62 ODI Working paper