#### GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP ON COUNTRY SYSTEMS

Advancing Aid Effectiveness through the Use of Country Systems

Annual CABRI Seminar, May 2010





















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# A Day in the Life of...











Initiative on Public-Private

Partnerships for Health

























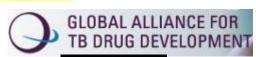


















US Presidential Initiative















The European Malaria Vaccine











Schistosomiasis Control Initiative

Micronutrient Initiative

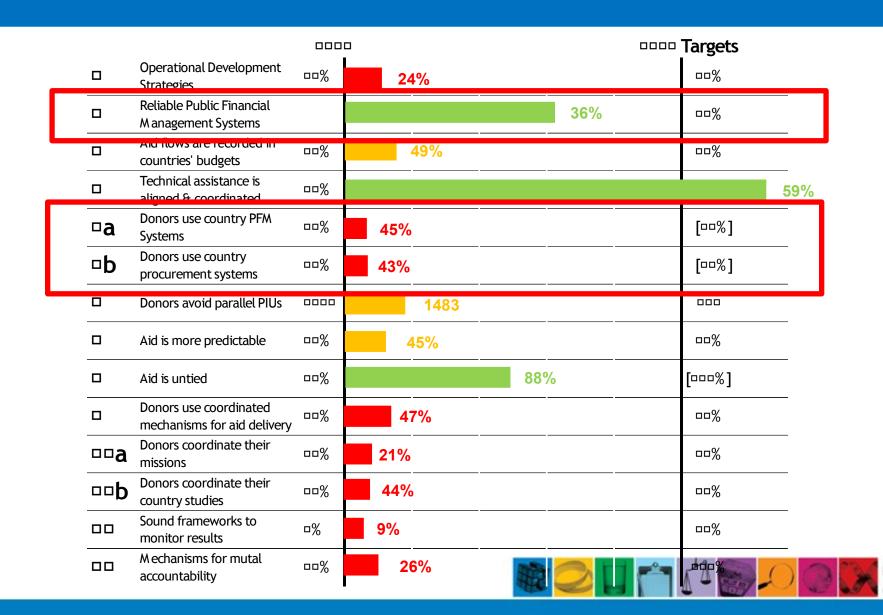
Source: Don De Savigny & COHRED

### **Outline of Presentation**

- 1. Progress on meeting the Country Systems Commitments in Africa
- Global Partnership on Country Systems:An Introduction
- 3. What can Policy Makers do? The Role of the Country Systems Initiative
- 4. The Role of CABRI



## **EVIDENCE ON COUNTRY SYSTEMS -- MIXED**



# ACCRA AGENDA FOR ACTION (2008)

#### **DONORS will:**

- Use country systems as the first option in public sector.
- Be transparent when they don't use them.
- Support country-led reform programmes.
- Develop corporate plans for using country systems.
- Channel 50% (or more) of government-to-government aid through country fiduciary systems (i.e. PFM + Procurement)

PARTNERS will lead in defining reform programmes.

# Global Partnership on Country Systems

- Sub-body of the Working Party on Aid Effectiveness
- Created in 2009, following consultation in Accra (Donors, Government representatives (Ministry of Finance, Sector Ministries), Parliamentary representatives, and CSOs)
- Co-Chaired by Ghana and the United States
- Draws on the work of two Task Forces
- Task Force on PFM (co- chaired by Saulos Nyirenda (Malawi) and Tony Hegarty (World Bank)
- Task Force on Procurement (co-chaired by Ruby Alvarez (Philippines) and Enzo de Laurentiis (World Bank)



#### Global Partnership on Country Systems:

#### **Key Tasks**



- 1. Using Country Systems
- 2. Assessing the Quality of Country Systems
- 3. Effective Capacity for Reform
- More Accountable and Results-Driven Country Systems



Support for Action on Country Systems at the Country Level





# Background and Objectives to Country Systems Initiatives

- Respond to Partner Country demand for political and technical support to move on the country systems opportunities and constraints (Paris Declaration, CABRI)
- Support a partner country-led process to implement the country systems agenda through existing initiatives
- Phase 1: Highlight the constraints and opportunities at the country level on both strengthening and using country systems
- Phase 2: Identify concrete steps to address those bottlenecks and take advantages of opportunities
- Phase 3: Provide a rapid lessons learning platform across the region on the countries where there has been a strengthening and increased using of country systems

### CABRI's role

 Drawing from analysis of Aid on Budget reports and CABRI recommendations on Using Country Systems

 Shape and facilitate the development of recommendations around key areas (Phase 2 of Country Systems Initiatives)

 Provide a platform for lessons-learning in Africa on the Use of Country Systems

# **Ongoing Country Systems Initiatives**

- Ghana Phase 2 beginning (J une 2010)
- Malawi Phase 1 (J une 2010)
- Mali Country Systems Initiative with Health as an entry point (J une-September 2010)
- Exploring other Country Systems
   Initiatives following demand (Bangladesh, Nepal, Namibia, Swaziland, South-East Asian countries with support from ADB and CDDE)